Chicony Power Technology Co., Ltd. Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles

Article 1. These Principles are adopted to foster a corporate culture of ethical management and sound development.

These Principles include the subsidiaries of the Company, any incorporated foundation in which the Company's accumulated contributions, direct or indirect, exceed 50 percent of the total funds of the foundation, and other group enterprises and organizations, such as institutions or juristic persons, substantially controlled by the Company (hereinafter referred to as "business group").

Article 2. When engaging in commercial activities, the Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, or persons having substantial control over such companies (hereinafter referred to as "substantial controllers") shall not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request or accept any improper benefits, nor commit unethical acts including breach of ethics, illegal acts, or breach of fiduciary duty (hereinafter referred to as "unethical conduct") for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits.

Parties referred to in the preceding paragraph includes civil servants, political candidates, political parties or members of political parties, state-run or private-owned businesses or institutions, and their directors, supervisors, managers, employees or substantial controllers or other stakeholders.

- Article 3. "Benefits" in these Principles means any valuable things, including money, endowments, commissions, positions, services, preferential treatment or rebates of any type or in any name.
 Benefits received or given occasionally in accordance with accepted social customs and that do not adversely affect specific rights and obligations shall be excluded.
- Article 4. The Company shall comply with the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act, Business Entity Accounting Act, Political Donations Act, Anti-Corruption Statute, Government Procurement Act, Act on Recusal of Public Servants Due to Conflicts of Interest, TWSE/GTSM listing rules, or other laws or regulations regarding commercial activities, as the underlying basic premise to facilitate ethical corporate management.
- Article 5. The Company shall abide by the operational philosophies of honesty, transparency and responsibility, base policies on the principle of good faith and establish good corporate governance and risk control and management mechanism so as to create an operational environment for sustainable development.

Article 6. The Company shall in their own ethical management policy clearly and thoroughly prescribe the specific ethical management practices and the programs to forestall unethical conduct (hereinafter referred to as "prevention programs"), including operational procedures, guidelines, and training.

When establishing the prevention programs, the Company shall comply with relevant laws and regulations of the territory where the companies and their business group are operating. In the course of developing the prevention programs, the Company shall negotiate with staff, labor unions members, important trading counterparties, or other stakeholders.

Article 7. When establishing the prevention programs, the Company shall analyze which business activities within their business scope which are possibly at a higher risk of being involved in an unethical conduct, and strengthen the preventive measures.

The prevention programs adopted by the Company shall at least include preventive measures against the following:

- 1. Offering and acceptance of bribes.
- 2. Illegal political donations.
- 3. Improper charitable donations or sponsorship.
- 4. Offering or acceptance of unreasonable presents or hospitality, or other improper benefits.
- 5. Misappropriation of trade secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights.
- 6. Engaging in unfair competitive practices.
- 7. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services.

Article 8. The Company and respective business group shall clearly specify in their rules and external documents the ethical corporate management policies and the commitment by the board of directors and the management on rigorous and thorough implementation of such policies, and shall carry out the policies in internal management and in commercial activities.

- Article 9. The Company shall engage in commercial activities in a fair and transparent manner based on the principle of ethical management.
 Prior to any commercial transactions, the Company shall take into consideration the legality of agents, suppliers, customers, or other trading counterparties and whether any of them are involved in unethical conduct, and shall avoid any dealings with persons so involved.
 When entering into contracts with agents, suppliers, customers, or other trading counterparties, The Company shall include in such contracts terms requiring compliance with ethical corporate management policy and that in the event the trading counterparties are involved in unethical conduct, The Company may at any time terminate or rescind the contracts.
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- Article 10. When conducting business, the Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers, may not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request, or accept any improper benefits in whatever form to or from customers, agents, contractors, suppliers, public servants, or other stakeholders.
- Article 11. When directly or indirectly offering a donation to political parties or organizations or individuals participating in political activities, the Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers, shall comply with the Political Donations Act and their own relevant internal operational procedures, and shall not make such donations in exchange for commercial gains or business advantages.
- Article 12. When making or offering donations and sponsorship, the Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall comply with relevant laws and regulations and internal operational procedures, and shall not surreptitiously engage in bribery.
- Article 13. The Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall not directly or indirectly offer or accept any unreasonable presents, hospitality or other improper benefits to establish business relationship or influence commercial transactions.
- Article 14. The Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations, the company's internal operational procedures, and contractual provisions concerning intellectual property, and may not use, disclose, dispose, or damage intellectual property or otherwise infringe intellectual property rights without the prior consent of the intellectual property rights holder.
- Article 15. The Company shall follow the related competition laws and regulations when engaging in business activities, and may not fix prices, make rigged bids, establish output restrictions or quotas, or share or divide markets by allocating customers, suppliers, territories, or lines of commerce.
- Article 16. In the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services, the Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall observe applicable laws and regulations and international standards to ensure the transparency of information about, and safety of, their products and services. They shall also adopt and publish a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders, and carry out the policy in their operations, with a view to preventing their products and services from directly or indirectly damaging the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders. Where there are sufficient facts to determine that the company's products or services are likely to pose any hazard to the safety and health of consumers or other stakeholders, the company shall, in principle, recall those products or suspend the services immediately.
- Article 17. The company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the company to prevent unethical conduct, always review the results of the preventive measures and continually make adjustments so as to ensure thorough implementation of its ethical corporate management policies. To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Administrative Department take responsible for establishing and supervising the implementation of the ethical corporate management policies and prevention programs, and shall be in charge of the following matters, and report to the board of
 - directors on a regular basis:
 - 1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategy and adopting appropriate prevention measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.
 - 2. Adopting programs to prevent unethical conduct and setting out the standard operating procedures and conduct guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business in each program.
 - 3. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical conduct.

- 4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to ethics policy.
- 5. Developing a whistle-blowing system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.
- 6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the prevention measures taken for the purpose of implementing ethical management are effectively operating, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures.
- Article 18. The Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall comply with laws and regulations and the prevention programs when conducting business.
- The Company shall adopt policies for preventing conflicts of interest to identify, monitor, and Article 19. manage risks possibly resulting from unethical conduct, and shall also offer appropriate means for directors, managers, and other stakeholders attending or present at board meetings to voluntarily explain whether their interests would potentially conflict with those of the Company. When a proposal at a given board of directors meeting concerns the personal interest of, or the interest of the juristic person represented by, any of the Company's directors, managers, and other stakeholders attending or present at board meetings, the concerned person shall state the important aspects of the relationship of interest at the given board meeting. If his or her participation is likely to prejudice the interest of the company, the concerned person may not participate in discussion of or voting on the proposal and shall recuse himself or herself from the discussion or the voting, and may not exercise voting rights as a proxy for another director. The directors shall practice self-discipline and must not support one another in improper dealings. The Company's directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall not take advantage of their positions or influence in the companies to obtain improper benefits for themselves, their spouses, parents, children or any other person.
- Article 20. The Company shall establish effective accounting systems and internal control systems for business activities possibly at a higher risk of being involved in an unethical conduct, not have under-the-table accounts or keep secret accounts, and conduct reviews regularly so as to ensure that the design and enforcement of the systems are showing results. The internal audit unit of the Company shall periodically examine the Company's compliance with the foregoing systems, prepare audit reports and submit the same to the board of directors. The internal audit unit may engage a Certified Public Accountant to carry out the audit, and may engage professionals to assist if necessary.
- Article 21. The Company shall establish operational procedures and guidelines in accordance with Article 6 hereof to guide directors, managers, employees, and substantial controllers on how to conduct business. The procedures and guidelines should at least contain the following matters:
 - 1. Standards for determining whether improper benefits have been offered or accepted.
 - 2. Procedures for offering legitimate political donations.
 - 3. Procedures and the standard rates for offering charitable donations or sponsorship.
 - 4. Rules for avoiding work-related conflicts of interests and how they should be reported and handled.
 - 5. Rules for keeping confidential trade secrets and sensitive business information obtained in the ordinary course of business.
 - 6. Regulations and procedures for dealing with suppliers, customers and business transaction counterparties suspected of unethical conduct.
 - 7. Handling procedures for violations of these Principles.
 - 8. Disciplinary measures on offenders.
- Article 22. The Company's chairman, general manager, or senior management shall communicate the importance of corporate ethics to its directors, employees, and mandataries on a regular basis. The Company shall periodically organize training and awareness programs for directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers and invite the companies' commercial transaction counterparties so they understand the companies' resolve to implement ethical corporate management, the related policies, prevention programs and the consequences of committing unethical conduct.

The Company shall apply the policies of ethical corporate management when creating its employee performance appraisal system and human resource policies to establish a clear and effective reward and discipline system.

Article 23. The Company shall adopt a concrete whistle-blowing system and scrupulously operate the system. The whistle-blowing system shall include at least the following:

1. An independent mailbox or hotline, either internally established and publicly announced or

provided by an independent external institution, to allow company insiders and outsiders to submit reports.

- 2. Dedicated personnel or unit appointed to handle whistle-blowing system. Any tip involving a director or senior manager shall be reported to the independent directors. Categories of reported misconduct shall be delineated and standard operating procedures for the investigation of each shall be adopted.
- 3. Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes, investigation results, and relevant documents.
- 4. Confidentiality of the identity of whistle-blowers and the content of reported cases.
- 5. Measures for protecting whistle-blowers from inappropriate disciplinary actions due to their whistle-blowing.
- 6. Whistle-blowing incentive measures.

When material misconduct or likelihood of material impairment to the Company's awareness upon investigation, the dedicated personnel or unit handling the whistle-blowing system shall immediately prepare a report and notify the independent directors in written form.

- Article 24. The Company shall adopt and publish a well-defined disciplinary and appeal system for handling violations of the ethical corporate management rules, and shall make immediate disclosure on the Company's internal website of the title and name of the violator, the date and details of the violation, and the actions taken in response.
- Article 25. The Company shall collect quantitative data about the promotion of ethical management and continuously analyze and assess the effectiveness of the promotion of ethical management policy, and shall also disclose the measures taken for implementing ethical corporate management, the status of implementation, the foregoing quantitative data, and the effectiveness of promotion on their company websites, Annual Reports, and prospectuses, and shall disclose the ethical corporate management best practice principles on the Market Observation Post System.
- Article 26. The Company shall, at all times, monitor the development of relevant local and international regulations concerning ethical corporate management and encourage their directors, managers, and employees to make suggestions, based on which the adopted ethical corporate management policies and measures taken will be reviewed and improved with a view to achieving better implementation of ethical management.
- Article 27. These Principles shall be implemented after the board of directors grants approval. The same procedure shall be followed when the principles have been amended. The Company submitted the ethical corporate management best practice principles for discussion by the board of directors pursuant to the preceding paragraph, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director expresses any objection or reservation about a matter, it shall be recorded in the board meeting minutes. An independent director intending to express an objection or reservation but unable to attend the meeting in person shall, unless there is some legitimate reason to do otherwise, issue a written opinion in advance, which shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.